



## Source

Human IgG3 Kappa Isotype Control (mAb) is a chimeric monoclonal antibody recombinantly expressed from HEK293, which combines the variable region of a mouse monoclonal antibody with Human constant domain.

## Isotype

Human IgG3 | Human Kappa

## Conjugate

Unconjugated

## Antibody Type

Recombinant Monoclonal

## Reactivity

Human

## Specificity

This product is a specific antibody against DNP.

## Application

Application	Recommended Usage
ELISA	0.1-50 ng/mL

## Purity

>95% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

## Purification

Protein A purified/ Protein G purified

## Formulation

Lyophilized from 0.22  $\mu$ m filtered solution in PBS, pH7.4 with trehalose as protectant.

Contact us for customized product form or formulation.

25 mg or larger size will be supplied as liquid and shipped by dry ice. Please inquire the dry ice shipping cost.

## Reconstitution

Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions.

*For best performance, we strongly recommend you to follow the reconstitution protocol provided in the CoA.*

## Storage

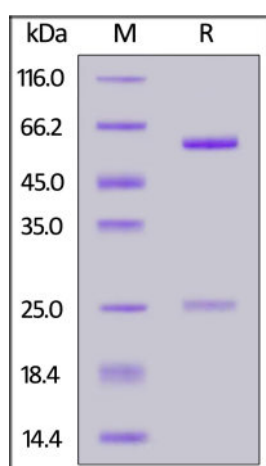
For long term storage, the product should be stored at lyophilized state at  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$  or lower.

*Please avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.*

This product is stable after storage at:

- $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $-70^{\circ}\text{C}$  for 12 months in lyophilized state;
- $-70^{\circ}\text{C}$  for 3 months under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

## SDS-PAGE



Human IgG3 Kappa Isotype Control (mAb) on SDS-PAGE under reducing (R) condition. The gel was stained with Coomassie Blue. The purity of the protein is greater than 95%.

## Bioactivity-ELISA

Discounts, Gifts,  
and more!

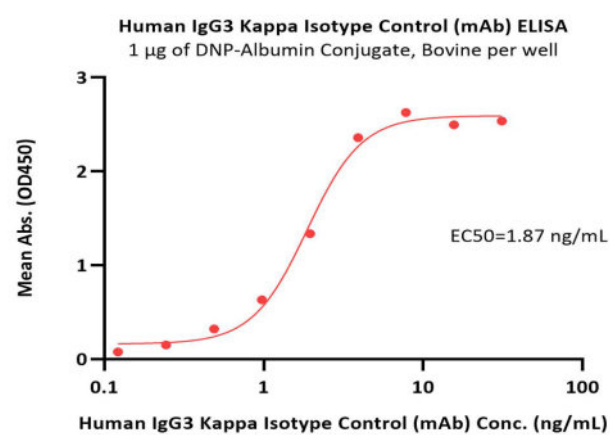


# Human IgG3 Kappa Isotype Control (mAb, carrier free)

Catalog # DNP-M915



BIOSYSTEMS  
**Acro**



Immobilized DNP-Albumin Conjugate, Bovine at 10 µg/mL (100 µL/well) can bind Monoclonal Anti-DNP antibody, Human IgG3 Isotype Control (Cat. No. DNP-M915) with a linear range of 0.1-4 ng/mL (QC tested).

## Background

A hapten is a small molecule that can elicit an immune response only when conjugated with a large carrier such as a protein. Typical haptens include drugs, urushiol, quinone, steroids, etc. Peptides and non-protein antigens usually need conjugating to a carrier protein (such as BSA (bovine serum albumin) or KLH (keyhole limpet hemocyanin) to become good immunogens). Additionally, haptens should be administered with an adjuvant to ensure a high quality immune response. It is important that the hapten design (preserving greatly the chemical structure and spatial conformation of target compound), selection of the appropriate carrier protein and the conjugation method are key conditions for the desired specificity anti-hapten antibodies. We design anti-hapten antibodies based on the HaptenDB information.

## Clinical and Translational Updates

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